# **ERIKS**

### Sealing Elements Technical Handbook O-rings

#### 3. O-ring Applications

## The O-ring is one of the most popular seal choices because:

- 1. The O-ring is cost effective in purchase price and the cost to machine the seal groove is relatively low.
- 2. As a bi-directional squeeze seal, the O-ring can be used in an extremely wide variety of successful applications, both static and dynamic.
- 3. The O-ring material allows for maximum stretch or compression and is therefore quite easy to install, generally requiring no special tools.

#### **Static Applications:**

There are four varieties of static applications as noted below:

#### 1. Axial

The O-ring cross section is squeezed axially in the groove similar to a flat gasket. See figure 1-10.

#### 2. Radial

The O-ring cross section is squeezed radially in the groove between the inside (ID) and outside (OD). See figure 1-11.

#### 3. Dovetail

The O-ring is also axially squeezed in a dovetail groove. The groove design allows the O-ring to be retained in the face seal during assembly and maintenance. This is beneficial for special applications where the O-ring has to be fixed by the groove e.g. a lid which opens regularly. See figure 1-12.

#### 4. Boss Seals

The O-ring is used for sealing straight thread tube fittings in a boss. A boss is a cylindrical projection on a casting or forging. The end of that projection is machined to provide a flat, smooth surface for sealing. Straight threads used with an O-ring provide a better seal than tapered threads used alone. See figure 1-13.



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#### 3. O-ring Applications

#### **Dynamic Applications:**

There are three varieties of dynamic applications as noted below:

#### 1. Reciprocating

Reciprocating seals refer to seals used in applications that slide back and forth. This motion introduces friction, which creates design considerations different from those of static seals. The O-ring may be housed in a groove (rod seal) in the cylinder wall instead of a groove in the piston surface (piston seal) without any change in design limitations or seal performance. See figure 1-14.





Fig. 1-14



#### 2. Oscillating

Oscillating applications are those seeing both rotary and reciprocating movement. A valve spindle is an example of an oscillating application. See figure 1-15.

#### 3. Rotary

Rotary seals refer to seals used in applications that rotate. See figure 1-16.



Fig. 1-16

#### **Miscellaneous Applications**

O-rings are used in a variety of applications. Wipers, buffers, and drive belt applications are just some of the examples. See figure 1-17.



Fig. 1-17 a

Belt



Fig. 1-17 b Crush seal application

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All the information in this documentation has been compiled with the greatest of care.

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